

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG): fuel for inland navigation

Challenges and solutions

Bert de Vries Holland Shipbuilding Association



Holland Shipbuilding Association

- Holland Shipbuilding Association (2008) is a private co-operation of
 - Shipyards: VNSI
 - o Equipment: HME
- 400 member companies, 30+ staff
- Offices in Holland, Belgium (Brussels), Brazil, Vietnam, China and Russia
- Activities in government lobbying, finance, innovation, export promotion, working methods, international regulations, human resources and PR



LNG as marine fuel: target groups

- Deep sea vessels
- Short sea vessels
- Offshore vessels
- Fishery vessels

- Ferries/passenger vessels
- Harbour bound vessels
- Inland navigation vessels



LNG, fuel for inland navigation?

Basic attitudes NL authorities:

•Ministry of Infrastructure & Environment: very positive. Invites and receives proposals. If positive, recommendation to CCNR / EU

•Port of Rotterdam: yes please! Is looking for suitable bunkering locations

•Province of Zuid-Holland (including Rotterdam area): absolutely positive. Pro-active role in realizing bunkering locations. Aims to become a knowledge center in this respect

Challenge:

•Creating public acceptance for nearby potential LNG bunkering locations (coping with NIMBY)



TNO/DNV/NEN Legal and Safety Assessment

Objectives and method of the

LESAS project:

- •Roadmap to develop a small-scale supply chain for LNG as marine fuel (Case: Rotterdam)
- •Outline possible legal barriers
- •Supply recommendations for public authorities and industry on legislation and safety
- •Based on stakeholder viewpoints on how an economically stable supply chain should look like

Major participants a.o.

•Port of Rotterdam

•Ship owners (sea and inland waters)

LNG suppliers, terminals, transporters, retail, constructors, equipment suppliers, engine manufacturers, shipyards
Province of Zuid-Holland

•Ministry of Infrastructure and Environment

Conclusion: a very important project •Start: February 2011 •Final report: 3rd quarter 2011



Topics to be addressed

- Quality requirements LNG / LBG (biogas)
- Distribution
- Bunkering facilities
- Bunkering procedure
- LNG storage onboard
- LNG technique onboard

- Types of combustion engines
- Energy management onboard
- Emissions
- Safety onboard
- External safety
- Education & training
- Coping with NIMBY



Quality requirements LNG / LBG

- Fuel requirements to be specified by engine manufacturers
- Questions have been raised about mixing different LNG qualities and their effect on engine performance
- Both items will be addressed in aforementioned LESAS project



Distribution and Bunkering

Options:

Load bunkering barges at terminal and distribute to other vessels (*ship/ship*)
Distribute LNG to bunkering station, from there to inland navigation vessel (*bunkering station/ship*)

•Most likely intermediate bunkering solution for inland navigation: fuelling by LNG trucks (*truck/ship*)

•Subsidy scheme for bunker locations very recently made available by Ministry of Infrastructure & Environment



Bunkering procedure

- Standard procedures to be elaborated for all bunkering options
- Draft procedure for ship/ship bunkering is available at http://www.lnggot.com/tags/lng-bunkering/
 (concept in principle accepted and approved by DNV)



LNG storage onboard

Options:

- •Above or below deck
- •Within or outside cargo zone
- (Safety requirements vary on location of tanks and machinery)

Design challenge:

- •How to lose as little cargo space as possible, while retaining the vessel's size characteristics (dimensions, draft, air draft)
- •Cylindrical tanks are standard. Pressure is low (< 10 bar), other tank forms might be introduced within a few years.



Engine types / Energy management / Emissions

Options:

- •Dual fuel (diesel/gas) direct propulsion drive
- •Gas direct propulsion drive
- •Diesel/gas electric indirect propulsion drive
- •Gas electric indirect propulsion drive

Uncertainty:

•NOx emissions of dual fuel engines in real operation (effects of various diesel/gas ratios)

Challenge for technique suppliers and ship owners:

•Optimise energy management on board (propulsion, generator sets, cargo heating etc.). Learn from other industries!



LNG technique onboard

Availability:

•A lot of proven technique is available

•Experience especially in Norway: about 20 ships operational with LNG as marine fuel (all DNV classed)

Regulations:

•Installations must comply with regulations for LNG as marine fuel

•But: there are no regulations for inland navigation yet. Temporary solution: copy them from IMO sea regulations, being a.o.

•IGF Interim Guidelines, IGF Code, IMO-FP Fire Protection

•Class rules (DNV, Lloyd's, BV, GL), which are based on IMO regulations



Safety information, education, training

- To be included in project proposals:
- •Operational management procedures
- •Crew education and training

Challenges:

- •For suppliers and users: harmonize procedures, instructions, education and training where possible
- •For regulatory bodies and local authorities, in collaboration with business community: elaborate good information material for public use (coping with NIMBY !!)



Available reports and information

- "Natural Gas for Ship Propulsion: Report on the current rules and regulations" (Holland Shipbuilding Association, March 2011)
- Feasibility study "LNG als brandstof voor de binnenvaart", (CMTI / Holland Shipbuilding Association, January 2011)

Both <u>available on request</u>, mail to Bert de Vries at <u>bvr@scheepsbouw.nl</u>

- Various reports and presentations can be downloaded on <u>http://scheepsemissies.nl/</u>, among which: "Sustainability in Inland Shipping - The use of LNG as Marine Fuel" (*Delft University of Technology*, *December 2010*)
- LinkedIn group: LNG as marine fuel (highly recommended)
- And many others



LNG as marine fuel: a practical challenge for all of us!

Thank you for your attention

Contact: Phone +31 79 3531165 <u>bvr@shipbuilding.nl</u> <u>www.shipbuilding.nl</u>

14-4-2011